

Vol. 27 No. 10

Irma, Alberta, Friday, August 29th, 1941

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News of Our Boys

Pte. Ken Matheson of the C.A.S.F. at Red Deer was home on week-end leave last Saturday.

Pte. Percy Prosser arrived home on Friday evening, August 22nd for a week-end leave.

Ray Locke has been accepted by the R.C.A.F. for pilot training. He reports for duty early next month.

Last week the name of Albert Bacon was unintentionally omitted from the list of those who had signed on with the R.C.A.F. when the recruiting party visited Irma.

Philby Charter left for Calgary last Monday where he will take a course at the youth training school in preparation for joining the air force.

Mr. A. C. Milne had the bulge on the rest of the Irma boys. While he was being measured for a uniform at the R.C.A.F. manning depot in Toronto the Duke of Kent appeared on the scene on his tour of inspection.

He shook hands with Charlie, asked him how long since he enlisted and what his work was before enlisting. No doubt Charlie would make special mention of the Irma district. He says he is being well looked after, the meals especially are good.

FOOD FOR THE HUNGRY

From Ottawa comes an inkling of what transpired at the Wheat Advisory committee meeting at Washington during July, the sessions of which were resumed on the 18th of August.

It is proposed to use the huge world wheat surplus, practically all of which is under the control of the democratic western powers, as an instrument of propaganda and encouragement to the little nations of Europe. It has been intimated that starving Europe will be provided with free food at the end of the war as part of a general scheme of post-war settlement. Then it is hoped that the nationalities, which developed in Europe prior to the outbreak of the war and which was attributable to the fear of war, will be broken down so that the small nations will escape the necessity of growing their own wheat on an uneconomical basis. Europe's nationalities curtailed the market for overseas wheat on that continent from 800 million bushels to around 500 million bushels a year, a drop of 300 million annually. An increase of 300 million bushels in world trade would solve the wheat situation.—Wheat Pool Budget.

Wedding Bells

BRIDGEMAN-LOVIG

At a quiet wedding ceremony held at the United church manse on Saturday evening, August 23rd, Ida Agnes Lovig, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Olof C. Lovig of Jarrow, became the bride of Mr. William Stanley Bridgeman, also of Jarrow. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. C. R. Wragg, pastor of the Viking United church.

Witnesses to the happy event were Mr. George Bridgeman, and Mrs. Mildred Bridgeman, brother and sister-in-law of the groom.

The bride was becomingly gowned in a teal green tailored suit. They will make their home on a farm in the Jarrow district.

ANDERSON-LINDQUIST

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the Lutheran parsonage of Viking August 25th, at 2:30 p.m., when Dorothy Mercedes Lindquist, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Erlend Lindquist, Killam, became the bride of Arthur Christian Anderson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lars Anderson, Sedgewick. The witnesses were Mrs. Louis Anderson and Miss Ruby Lindquist. Rev. J. B. Stolee performed the ceremony.

W.I. MEETING

The regular meeting of the Irma W.I. will be held Thursday, September 4th, in Hedley's hall, at 2:30 p.m. Paper by Mrs. Webber on handicraft. Raffle to be donated by Mrs. McMillan. Roll call to be answered by My Favorite Musical Instrument. Hostesses, Mrs. L. Peterson, Mrs. E. Sanders, Mrs. I. Sanders.

Tins for the jam to be made by W.I. members can be obtained by calling at the home of Mrs. Ott.



Bank of Montreal Crop Report No. 11

—V—

Harvesting operations in the prairie provinces are well advanced for this date and cutting is estimated to be 50 per cent completed. In Manitoba and southeastern and north central Saskatchewan, yields will be fairly good, and in southwestern Alberta and the Peace River country, prospects continue favorable. Elsewhere drought and heat have taken a heavy toll and, at best, yields will be light. Seriously damage is proving to be more serious than anticipated and some grain is being cut green to minimize the loss. There has been scattered damage from hail. Sugar beets in Alberta and Manitoba are promising. In the province of Quebec, the harvesting of grain is now well under way, and satisfactory yields are reported. Roots are growing well and early crops are a good crop with later varieties promising. Pastures have improved. In Ontario harvesting of spring grain is nearing completion; yields are below normal but the quality generally is good. Corn, tomatoes and sugar beets are progressing favorably. An average tobacco crop is in prospect, also an average peach crop, with less than average yields for late apples and most other fruits, potatoes, turnips and mangolds. In the maritime provinces, all field and orchard crops continue to make satisfactory progress. A heavy crop of good quality hay is now nearly all in and grain harvesting has begun. In British Columbia, continued dry and warm weather has caused crops to mature rapidly, and consequently yields of grain and hay are below average. Most other crops give satisfactory promise, although apples are expected to be only 70 per cent of average.

ALBERTA—Harvesting is general although operations in some districts have been temporarily delayed by rains. Good wheat crops are being harvested in the southwest and indications are for normal outputs in the Peace River district but elsewhere yields will show wide variations, ranging from poor to fair. Some severe hail losses have occurred in southern areas. The coarse grain crop will be below average. Pasturage is only fair.

SASKATCHEWAN—Cutting is well under way, but recent showers have delayed operations, especially in the southeast. In the southeast, northeast and isolated localities in the west prospects remain fairly good, but elsewhere yields will be light, and, in some districts, wheat is being cut for fodder. Sawfly infestation is proving extensive and some crops are being cut before maturity to avoid further damage.

MANITOBA—Harvesting has been impeded by rain, but is well advanced and threshing is general in the southeast. Yields and quality of wheat have been adversely affected by the excessive heat of July, with early grain fair to good and later crops disappointing. Coarse grains are yielding average returns and the sugar beet crop is promising.

Mr. McGregor of Greenfields has accepted a position in the Cash Store. Mr. and Mrs. McGregor and young son Donnie have moved into the residence formerly occupied by the Ovey Mathieson family. Mr. McGregor is the son of Rev. Jas. McGregor, former pastor of the Baptist church here some 25 years ago.

Mrs. Martha Johnston of Portland, Oregon, is visiting at the home of her father, Mr. Niko.

Today, Wednesday, August 27, is the last of the Wednesday half holidays for this year.

E. Primott was elected secretary-treasurer of the Viking district Red Cross Society meeting of the executive held on Monday evening.

Mrs. Rose O'Leary of Edmonton has been a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lar Kell.

RED CROSS ASKS FOR 5,000 SWEATERS FOR MEN IN MERCHANT MARINE

From headquarters of the Canadian Red Cross Society, Toronto, comes an appeal for 5,000 turtle neck sweaters for men of the navy and merchant marine.

They will be distributed at Halifax on or before Sept. 30, according to information received from Mrs. Richard Procter, director of women's Red Cross work for Alberta.

All sweaters are required to be in navy blue or gray and wool necessary will be available at Red Cross headquarters in Edmonton, she said.

Asking Red Cross branches throughout the district to concentrate on this work for the next few weeks, Mrs. Procter said that their co-operation will be greatly appreciated.—Edmonton Journal.

The Irma branch has a new shipment of both sewing and wool on hand. The special wool is for the long sleeved roll neck sweaters so urgently needed. Full directions are on hand too. Anyone willing to knit one of these sweater will be more than welcome and all the help possible freely given.

Somewhere in the neighborhood of 900 skeins of yarn have been handled by Mrs. Silmerman, convener of the wool committee, and her helpers. So there is a good supply on hand for all and every kind of knitting required by the Red Cross.

Another box of sewing is ready to be taken and will be shipped near the end of next week.

Don't forget the jam pails, ladies. All ready with labels inside and waiting to be filled, then add your name and address on the label.

TARTARIAN BUCKWHEAT IN GRAIN

—V—

Tartarian buckwheat in Alberta is distributed from Athabasca in the north to the border on the south. It already is a serious weed problem in the north-central section of the province.

The seed of tartarian buckwheat is objectionable as an admixture in grain to be used in the production of food and it cannot be removed by ordinary cleaning processes. Hence, grain containing it, is acceptable only at lower prices and must be degraded accordingly by the trade. Dominion regulations have been adopted to cover the situation.

Maximum tolerances of tartarian buckwheat seed in wheat grades are as follows: (500 grams equals approximately 17 ounces)

1 Hard-free; 1 Northern—5 kernels in 500 grams; 2 Northern—20 kernels in 500 grams; 3 Northern—50 kernels in 500 grams; 4 Northern—75 kernels in 500 grams; 5 and 6 Northern—about 1 per cent.

With respect to oats and barley 1 and 2 C.W. and Extra 3 C.W. oats are required to be "practically free"; 3 C.W. and Extra 1 feed oats may contain 1 per cent; 1 feed, 2 per cent; and 2 and 3 feed, 3 per cent.

The cost of growing tartarian buckwheat as shown in yield reduction, though considerable, would be difficult to estimate. But the losses sustained by any farmer because of degrading is readily calculable. At present price, 9 cents per bushel is deducted from the straight grade price in the case of rejected wheat. Sample wheat usually brings feed prices.

Farmers would be well advised to keep tartarian buckwheat out of their fields.

SCHOOLS TO REMAIN CLOSED UNTIL SEPT. 15 AT LEAST

—V—

No change in the order banning public assemblies of children 17 years and under will be made before Sept. 15, Dr. M. R. Bow, chairman of the provincial board of health, announced following a meeting of the board at 2 p.m. Tuesday.

This will mean that public schools will not open before that date and it is expected it will prevent the opening of high schools.

Obituary.

ANNIE KUWICA

The death of Annie, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kuwica, occurred at her home northeast of Irma on August 20th.

The deceased, who was born in Poland on February 26, 1897, and came to Canada with her parents in 1920, had been ill since the middle of June with a serious ailment which eventually caused her death.

Besides her parents she leaves to mourn one sister, Mrs. M. Bay, and two brothers, Fred and Dan, all of Irma.

The funeral service, conducted by Rev. Woodlett of Jarrow, was held in the Irma United church where a large body of relatives and friends gathered to pay their last respects. Interment took place in the Irma cemetery.

The pall bearers were Messrs. Fred Bay, Nick Kowachuk, Gordon Elliott, Harold Elliott, Gus Prosser and Sam Eluk.

Flowers were contributed by the following: Father and Mother; R. Kuwica; M. Myhowich; J. Tyndy; Mr. and Mrs. Irvine Goodale; Mr. Prosser; Mrs. Parson; Mrs. J. Elliott and boys; Mr. and Mrs. W. Patterson and family; Mr. and Mrs. Renwick and family; Mr. and Mrs. Marshall; Mrs. Arnold and girls; Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Jones and family; Mr. and Mrs. McFarland; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bolduc. Among those from other districts were Mr. and Mrs. Borysuk, Mannville; Roman Kuwica, Mannville; Mr. and Mrs. Wakulich, Mannville; Mr. and Mrs. W. Smart, Mannville; Mr. and Mrs. D. Smart, Mannville; Mr. and Mrs. M. Metz, Mannville; Mr. and Mrs. A. Howorko, Mannville; Mr. Andrew Grab and family, Mannville; Mr. and Mrs. Kowolchuk, Veranois; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gidors, Felsan.

CANNOT SELL TO WHEAT BOARD

Merchants, traders, municipalities, irrigation companies and other general creditors who accept wheat from producers in payment of debts should understand that they do not qualify as "producers" under the Wheat Board Act and they cannot sell the wheat thus obtained to the Board.—Wheat Pool Budget.

CHURCH NOTICES AND ACTIVITIES

—V—

UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, August 31st
Albert—Public worship 11:30 a.m.
Alma Mater—Public worship 3 p.m.
Irma—Public worship 8 p.m.
The ban on public assemblies of children is to be kept on until Sept. 15, according to the decision of the provincial board of health.

ANGLICAN CHURCH

Service—Sunday, September 7th at 2:30 p.m.

—V—



Dr. K. W. Neathy
Director, Agricultural Department
North-West Line Elevator Association

Grain Storage

Beyond a doubt, the safest place to store grain is in a licensed country or terminal elevator. However, it is not unlikely that considerable quantities will, of necessity, be stored on the farm.

If sound weather-proof farm storage is inadequate, information on suitable inexpensive structures will be welcome.

An excellent bulletin, entitled "Storing Grain on the Farm," has been issued by the Manitoba Department of Agriculture and Immigration, Winnipeg. Several types of temporary and permanent structures are described and illustrated, together with details on construction. There are few, if any, farmers to whom this bulletin will not be of use. Morris bins, snow fence bins and woven wire bins are not costly and, if properly constructed, will keep grain in good condition. They must, of course, be covered with hay, straw or shaves.

Circular No. 24, distributed by the Agricultural Extension Service, Department of Agriculture, Edmonton, also contains a number of useful suggestions, particularly respecting coverings for temporary bins and methods against damage to grain at bin bottoms caused by soil moisture.

It is unwise to leave grain on the field in unprotected piles. It can be protected at very small cost by methods described in the two above-mentioned publications.

For special problems, information can be obtained from Departments of Agricultural Engineering at the Universities of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba (Edmonton, Saskatoon and Winnipeg, respectively).

When Harvest Days are over

That will be the time to look to those long delayed repairs to buildings, decorating the home. A splendid idea is to insulate the walls of your house, put on storm doors and windows. You will be surprised at the saving in coal and fuel, and, oh, what comfort. We have a good supply of storm windows and combination storm and screen doors. In fact we are prepared to fill any bill and meet any price. We will not fail you.

Imperial Lumber Company, Ltd.

H. L. BLACK, Agent

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GLOVES For Threshers		BOOTS and SHOES	
Black Horsehide	1.15	9 inch Boots, retan	3.95
per pair		per pair	
Reindeer Tan	1.45	Other quality shoes at	4.25
Special per pair			
Watson's Kangaroo	1.75		4.95
per pair			

FRESH MEATS For Harvest and Daily Needs

BEEF VEAL PORK

Grocery Specials

PUFFED WHEAT	GRAPEFRUIT JUICE
No. 50 prairie bag	per tin
29c	28c
CORN STARCH	BAKING POWDER
per package	Blue Ribbon, 3 lb. tin
11c	65c
SARDINES	MOLASSES
4 tins for	Family brand, 5 lb. tin
25c	37c
APRICOT JAM	SANDWICH SPREAD
Pure, 4 pound tin	32 oz. 55c 6 oz. 19c
58c	

FOXWELL'S Phone 13 IRMA
The Store That Serves You Best

MEATS

Cost Less Here!

Special Meat for Fall

GRADE 1, Choice young heifer or steer beef GRADE 2, choice cow

No. 1 SAUSAGE

Made of pure lean pork and a special seasoning. Packed in cellophane. Easy to slice and fry.
Per pound 20c

No. 2 SAUSAGE

Made of pork and beef with ordinary seasoning. This No. 2 is equal or better than Packing House selling at a higher price. Per lb. 15c

BULK LARD, 2 pounds for 25c

HAMBURGER SPECIAL, per lb. 15c

We are not the daily dippers but we are daily hamburger makers

ALL OUR MEATS ARE KEPT UNDER THE MOST SANITARY CONDITIONS and you are invited to inspect either our slaughter house or refrigerator at any time

POULTRY CAR

Save us your feathered stock. We will be paying good prices and shipping to Vancouver about September 15th.

Preserving Fruit

We expect a car of fruit within a week. Don't leave it too long in ordering. Some fruits are short.

Irma Trading Co.

ELFORD'S

IRMA ALBERTA

Power In Wheat?

Hard on the heels of an editorial in this column urging that further research and experimentation into the economic feasibility of converting some of the Canadian wheat surplus into power alcohol as a substitute for gasoline comes an unofficial announcement from Ottawa that the federal government is considering that very thing and has held a preliminary conference with experts on this question.

The reason d'être for the suggestion which, it is gratifying to note, has not fallen on deaf ears, was, of course, the necessity for putting to some useful purpose a commodity which is, at present, a glut on the market, if it can be said to be in the market at all, combined with a desire to explore every possible avenue of providing new income for the farmers, who are not now reaping more than a bare living from their operations.

Since that time, another development has taken place which should furnish an additional incentive to prosecute a vigorous search for a new outlet for wheat. Reference is made to the urgent necessity for conservation of gasoline for the war effort, a necessity which suddenly became so apparent that the government, through the oil controller placed drastic restrictions on the sale of motor fuel and appealed to the public to reduce pleasure driving by at least 50 per cent. The need for these measures, to be followed perhaps by rationing of gasoline, accentuates the importance of endeavoring to locate some other source of motor fuel.

Serve Double Purpose

If the conversion of wheat into power alcohol can be demonstrated to be economically feasible, the use of wheat for this purpose would serve a double purpose. It would assist in conserving gasoline and it would be at least a partial solution of the almost over-powering wheat problem.

Unfortunately, the article appearing in the daily press to which reference has been made is not overly optimistic, since it quotes the opinion of some of the experts attending the conference to the effect that the cost of processing would be so high that the price that could be paid for wheat used for this purpose would be so low that it would not pay the cost of growing and harvesting it, or, in the alternative the government would have to subsidize the wheat grower.

The conference had before it a report of Dr. W. D. McFarlane of Macdonald College in which he estimated that "the most of the fuel, if wheat were 60 cents a bushel would be 53.4 cents a gallon" on the basis of production in a \$3,000,000 plant located in Winnipeg. "Such a plant, it is estimated would incur an annual loss of \$1,183,400, or a loss distributed at the rate of 60.7 cents a bushel on the wheat consumed." This result is based on the operation of a commercial plant which would use 1,915,200 bushels of wheat a year, produce 10,000 gallons of power alcohol per day at the rate of 1.827 gallons from each bushel of wheat and producing by products of the value of \$20 a ton.

But the committee also had before it a report of a Polish engineer, Dr. Rotstein on a process, known as the Melle system, used in Europe which placed a figure of 38 cents a bushel as the economic loss on wheat priced at 60 cents a bushel. That is to say, the factory could pay 22 cents a bushel for wheat for conversion into power alcohol if the European process were followed.

Need For Experimentation

The story of the conference indicates, however, that there was wide disagreement between the experts in session on the questions of costs and relative values, a further argument of the wisdom of conducting more research and further experimentation not only to secure more accurate data but also to determine the most efficient and most economical methods of manufacture and processing. This could be done, as suggested at the conference, by building a pilot plant at an estimated cost of \$300,000, and again, the figure, it is stated, is a subject of dispute among the experts.

When the magnitude of the wheat problem in Western Canada is taken into consideration, and even though a commercial plant might only take care of one or two million bushels of wheat a year, it would seem desirable to spend \$300,000 or even more, in a practical effort to determine the economic feasibility, or otherwise, of such an undertaking.

If only a few million bushels could be used annually for the production of power alcohol, a few million bushels for the production of plastics and, several million bushels more in other outlets, the problem would be partially solved. Theory solves no problems. It requires experimentation and practical application of the results of experimentation and these things cannot be done without some expenditure.

Australian Inventor

Was Responsible For Device Used To Defeat Magnetic Mines

The Patents Office Journal revealed that an Australian mining engineer, Franklin G. Barnes, developed the degaussing device which defeated the German magnetic mine menace to British shipping early in the war.

The Journal said Barnes was in England in November, 1939, when the first magnetic mine was recovered. At that time, many British ships were being sunk by that method. Six days later, the Journal said, Barnes filed specifications for a device where by the mines could be neutralized by placing electric cables around ships.

Turn About

Fred C. Tattou, Marysville, Calif., read somewhere you could quell a bucking bronco by biting its ears. He tried it on his mount in a donkey softball game. The donkey bucked once more, grounded Tattou and bit him on the forehead.

Because of the noise it made in flight, an airplane in Brazil has been nicknamed the teetoe.

A finger ring with a built-in cigarette lighter has been patented.

The halibut is the largest of the flat fish.

A Pleasant Habit
DAILY MAIL
CIGARETTES

Nervous Restless Girls!
Cranky? Restless? Can't sleep? Tired easily? Annoyed by female functional disorders and monthly distress? Then take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, famous for over 60 years in helping men and women with nervous conditions. Made especially for women. WELL WORTH TRYING!

Tie up to Ogden's!



Ask any old timer how to get the greatest satisfaction from rolling your own and he'll tell you to tie up to Ogden's—the light green package that is your green light to the best smoke of your life. For Ogden's isn't "just another fine cut." It's different, gorgeously different—a distinctive blend of choice, ripper tobaccos. Try it only.

Only the best cigarette papers—
"Vogue" or "Chateau"—
are good enough for Ogden's.

OGDEN'S
FINE CUT
Pipe Smokers!
Ask Ogden's Cut Plug

Women Workers

California To Use Women In Aircraft Factories

The demand for more defence labour, particularly in the mushrooming aircraft industry, is forcing California to turn to women to swell its reservoir of workers. R. G. Waggett, state director of employment, says there is no question but that employment of ever increasing numbers of women in the construction of vital defence weapons is coming.

The use of women in airplane factories, munitions plants, in the making of tools and in industries not directly connected with the defence program, thus freeing men for heavier work, would substantially increase the state's sorely taxed manpower, Waggett believes.

"Roughly speaking, certain industries could substitute women for 25 to 40 per cent of their workers."

SELECTED RECIPES

ALL-BRAN MUFFINS

2 tablespoons shortening
1 cup sugar
1 egg
1 cup All-bran
1/2 cup milk
1 cup flour
1/2 teaspoon salt
2 1/2 teaspoons baking powder

Blend shortening and sugar thoroughly; add egg and beat well. Add All-bran and milk; let soak until most of the moisture is taken up. Sift flour with salt and baking powder; add to first mixture and stir only until flour disappears. Fill greased muffin pans two-thirds full and bake in moderate oven (400 degrees F.) about 30 minutes.

Note: When sour milk or butter-milk is used instead of sweet milk, use 1/2 teaspoon soda and only one teaspoon baking powder.

Devoted Heroism

Fatally Wounded Australian Offers Body As Shield

A Sydney (Australia) newspaper publishes a letter from an Australian officer who fought in the Libyan campaign telling of a warrant officer's devoted heroism when fatally wounded by an enemy shell. Knowing he could not recover, he crawled over to a Bren gun which was getting a severe peppering and said to the gunner: "Here, lad, use me as a shield." The gunner did so, and escaped injury.

We do stop to think and to realize that in a very true and literal sense our fighting forces of land, sea and air are actually our one shield of defence from the bombs and shells of the enemy?—Halifax Herald.

Italy Has New Idea

Italian cafe-goers may have to drink their synthetic coffee standing up. Benito Mussolini's newspaper Popolo d'Italia has begun a campaign to requisition cafe chairs and tables for conversion into armaments. The paper said that their metal parts are more valuable on the battlefield than supporting cafe frequenters who "talk too much."

Health Is Better

A recent survey of health condition among Canadian employees in war factories showed that health of workers generally was "indefinitely better" than during the first Great War, health department officials said at Ottawa.

People who are up and doing are never down and done.

Nobel Prize Winner

A Famous Indian Who Gained World Prominence

Sir Rabindranath Tagore, famous Indian poet and painter, is dead. Tagore was born in Calcutta, the youngest son of Marich Deendranath and grandson of Prince Dwarkanath Tagore. After a private education in India he was sent to England at 16 to study law. He soon returned to India, however, and at 24 went to the country to manage his father's estates. There he wrote many of the works that brought him world fame and the Nobel prize for literature.

In 1901 Tagore founded a school at Santiniketan which later developed into an international institution called Visva Bharati. There he tried to revive the spirit of education of ancient India when eager youths sat at the feet of the mystics. He sought to abolish all class and religious distinctions.

Tagore made his last visit to the United States in 1930 and fell seriously ill at New Haven, Conn. He was forced to cancel his lecture tour and physicians disclosed that because of a serious heart ailment he had risked his life in making the journey.

Among his projects, Tagore established an institute of rural reconstruction "to bring life in its completeness into the villages, making them self-reliant and self-respectful." He turned his estates over to the school and in 1913, when he was awarded the Nobel prize for literature, he devoted all of the prize money to the institute.

Tagore was dignified, aristocratic, and patriarchal in his appearance in later years. His hair and beard were long and white and he wore long robes. His eyes were sunken and bright. He spoke in a low, musical tone.

Like Mohandas K. Gandhi whom he greatly admired, he hoped to see India independent of Great Britain. But he believed that first of all the people had to be taught to respect themselves, to realize their own part in the great scheme of the universe.

In New Haven in 1930, Tagore said: "The clouds have hid away the stars and we wonder when the dawn shall begin. For we are humble and suffer and bear the burden of power and hide our faces and stifle our sobs in the dark. But the morrow shall be ours."

Tagore's best known works were: The Religion of Man, Creative Unity, Letters to a Friend, The King of the Birds, Hungry Stones, Lover's Gift, Dark Chamber, Fruit Gatherer, Stray The Wreck, Glimpses of Bengal, Personality, Nationalism, The Home and the World, Reminiscences, Eye Sore, The Fugitive, Letters From Abroad, The Gardener, The Crescent Moon, Thought Reels, Freedom India, Broken Tiles, Fireflies and Kabir's Poems.

He took to painting when he was 68 and his pictures were exhibited in Moscow, Berlin, Munich, Paris, Birmingham and New York.

Saw Mounties Mounted

Inspector Of Scotland Yard Had Picture Taken With Them

When the Duke of Kent was at the No. 2 wireless school of the commonwealth air training plan in Calgary he stopped and chatted with Corporals D. O. Forrest and F. G. Adam, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police who were mounted on matched bay horses. Pictures were taken.

No sooner had the Duke departed than a slim man in plainclothes asked the photographers if they would take a picture of him beside the mounties. It was Inspector H. J. Evans of Scotland Yard who is accompanying the Duke.

"It's not often I want my picture taken," said Inspector Evans. "But this is the first time I have seen these men mounted."

A Good Explanation

Count Ciano, Italian foreign minister, has been explaining the determined stand of the Russians in the face of the German attack, saying: "In order to understand the Russian resistance the Slavic racial qualities must be taken into consideration. These qualities are fundamentally great physical strength and exceptional psychology for tolerating hardships."

Madrid has a law prohibiting tipping. Waiters asked for the law, insisting it was humiliating to accept gratuities.

THAT'S RIGHT!
MORE Cigarettes in every 10' package of
DAILY MAIL
CIGARETTE TOBACCO

Canada's First Tank Brigade

Officer Commanding Is Proud Of The Troops He Leads

At a barren, isolated camp of the Canadian Army Tank Brigade, somewhere in England, Brig. F. F. Worthington is seeing a vision become reality as his troopers prepare for battle in the world's finest tanks.

For years in Canada this fiery, colorful brigade commander championed the tank as a weapon of war. Now as commander of the first tank brigade in Canada's history he leads one of the finest formations of fighting men ever to cross the ocean.

Over there they call it "Worthington's Brigade." It was organized and developed by this dynamo of a man who has been a prospector, miner, sailor and soldier of fortune who fought Pancho Villa in Mexico and served in the First Great War to win the Military Cross and Bar and the Military Medal and Bar.

Officers and men in the brigade are hand-picked. The brigadier interviews practically all of them. He knows his troops and they have his admiration for him.

The brigade comes from the northern frontiers for recruits from trappers, hunters and caterpillar tractor drivers. These men have the endurance and vision that tankmen need. The brigade also went to the Prairies for farmers who worked all their lives with track vehicles.

It's 100 to 1 the brigade won't follow orthodox tank practices. The brigadier has definite ideas on tank warfare and plenty of new angles up his sleeve.

Brig Worthington, a native of Scotland, went to California in his youth, became a prospector and miner and then went to sea for 12 years as an engineer.

His wanderings took him to Central and South America where he fought in several revolutions, then joined the forces battling Pancho Villa. The First Great War took him to Canada and then to England.

In 1936 he was appointed chief instructor of the first Canadian tank school at London, Ont. This was the start of the rise of the tank in Canada. Two years later the school was established in Camp Borden, Ont., and when armored formations were formed he received senior appointments and promotions, emerging as a brigadier commanding the present tank brigade.

Can Keep Secrets

Women Air Force Radio Operators Are Reliable

The recent disclosure of the new air defence system now known as radiolocation has exploded one of the oldest fables about women—that they cannot keep a secret.

Large numbers of women's Auxiliary Air Force radio operators for months past have been doing their part in "radiolocating" enemy planes. Yet not a word of this most closely guarded of Britain's weapons has reached the ear of the outside world.

Just how well the W.A.F. kept a secret was shown when the story of radiolocation was officially told. W.A.F. members not directly concerned in its operation were as surprised as any other members of the public.

In the past recruiting officers looking for likely radiolocation candidates were able to say only that the work would be "confidential and interesting." Now any young woman between 17½ and 35 can ask to be considered for radiolocation work. If she has a nice clear voice, perfect eyesight, integrity of character and an above-average education the job is hers.



A New Order

Says War Destroys Social Barriers In Britain

The war is tearing down Britain's social barriers and building a new order, Sir Gerald Campbell, director-general of the British Information Services, said.

"I have said that the man-in-the-street in Britain realizes that this is his war," the former British minister to the United States told the Commonwealth club at San Francisco. "He does, and the condition of Britain after the war is going to be his, too."

"A new order is on the march in my country, a new order, of which Adolf Hitler could not conceive. It is born of the air-raid shelters and among the auxiliary services, and in the fighting squadrons of the R.A.F. too."

"The flame of our common effort has burned away the barriers of class and caste which has so complicated the pattern of our social life, and has left us a people united as never before."

Plastics From Coffee

Brazil Has Started New Industry To Take Care Of Surplus

Surplus coffee now burned in Brazil at an annual loss of \$1,400,000 is to be made into plastics materials, says Food Industries. Already a pilot plant is partially completed, which will produce 18,000 pounds of plastics daily from 215 bags of coffee. And soon work will start on a \$5,000,000 plant to make 500,000,000 pounds of plastics annually, which would make Brazil the world's principal producer of plastics powder. Perhaps somewhere in that field lies a partial solution to Canada's surplus wheat problem. —Kitchener Record.

Britain's New Tank

Lighter But Tough Machine Has Been Named The Covenanter

The latest British tank to be taken off the secret list, a 15 to 16-ton sister of the slightly heavier Crusader, has gone into mass production and has been named the Covenanter by Minister of Supply Lord Beaverbrook. The Covenanter combines a speed of 30 miles an hour with remarkable manoeuvrability, excellent armor and formidable fire-power.

Learning Rug-Making

British women are teaching German airman-prisoners the art of rug-making and the captives in one district have completed a thrift rug pegged out of strips of old stockings. British soldiers, wounded Frenchmen and Poles also are being taught.

Authoritative records show no deaths from the bite of a tarantula.



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More convenient, Presto-Pack—the new type of package, always ready for use. Just hang a package in your kitchen, out or where you will be pleased with its handiness. With one hand pull out one or more sheets as wanted, the package keeps the remainder free from dust for future use. Presto-Pack is the handiest form in which waxed tissue is sold.

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will last
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BURGESS
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DAUGHTER OF DESTINY

— BY —
Eleanor Aitkenbury Colton

CHAPTER XX.

At first, as Devona stood staring at the almost insolent confidence written boldly in Jose Macias' face, she felt only anger and a passionate desire to dash something into that blandly confident smile.

The convicted boor! As if, by flashing his wealth, by indicating his decision—he could buy her, body and soul, just as he'd bought dozens of others. All his sorry procession of silly little Frede Camps.

Then, common sense laid a cooling hand on her temper. Now was no time to antagonize a man like Macias. Hadn't she seen that brutal anger he kept only lightly under control, strike down others. Wouldn't it be quite simple to strike her down here and now. She'd heard the house-boy slip out, quietly, only a few moments before. The doorman—any help—was too far away to be of any use right now. And her job, even her life, depended on her wits, now. If she were clever—

"Thank you. It's nice of you to ask me. But really—" and with casual reference to the watch on her wrist, "I'm only a poor working girl, you know. And it's late. I must run along. To-morrow's another work day, you know." And made her smile the most friendly gesture she could muster.

He only looked at her, his expression unchanged. The cat at the mouse hole, she thought again irrelevantly and suppressed a shudder. "You know what I mean, Dona," he said finally, caught her hand, drew her toward him.

"Please, I—" and put a table's width, cleverly, between them. Forced to release her hand, he bent toward her across the tiny, highly polished bar. "I want you, Dona. I'll give you what you want—what you should have."

"I don't know what you mean—" "I mean you're not the kind of girl that can take the long drudgery," he said, still waiting for the answer he wanted, obviously intended to have. "You're beautiful, sensitive, refined, educated—all that. You can't take this racket for long. You'll lose that beauty. You'll get hard, bitter, toughened like the rest of them. I know. I've seen it happen there. I want to save you from that."

And, Devona thought bitterly, how desperately she wanted to be saved! But not by Macias. Right as he was—much as she loathed the prospect of a life as second, or even third, rate show girl, still, of course, what Macias offered was no alternative!

"No, thanks. I like my life just as it is."

"No, you don't," he contradicted, softly. "You hate it. You're above the whole damned outfit, and you know it."

"That's not so—" trying hard to make it sound convincing. "I'm perfectly happy to be independent and on my way to—"

"Sweetheart, you're not on your way to anything except what I'm offering you. Girls in your line don't last long," he reminded her, brutally. "You know that."

"Your kind of beauty can't take it, either. You've got circles under your eyes right now, and the night life hasn't done anything for the pretty, natural color you had when I first

saw you. Another couple of years and you'll look old enough to be your own grandmother."

"Maybe," she slipped, lightly, her heart racing, "but that's the way I want it."

He smiled slowly, but, to his infinite relief, made no move toward her. "You're a strange little bundle. I've had lots of girls hand me different 'lines,' but this is the first time I've had one 'to' 'you' on me."

"Is it 'to' to want independence?" "No, but it's not convincing." He reached for a handsome, tooled leather cigar box, selected a long, black cigar, lit it carefully.

Grateful for this chance to recruit her wits, Devona didn't answer. When, after a telling little silence, Macias looked at her, he smiled, knowingly.

"Better drop this pose, Dona. Nobody believes it. Not even you." She shook her head with determined briskness. "Sorry, mister, you've got the wrong number."

"I don't think so." Plunging one hand deep into his coat pocket, he drew out a long, blue velvet jeweler's box, snapped it open, pushed it toward her across the table. "Maybe this will help you decide."

For a moment, Devona stared fascinated at the glittering rainbow of blues and yellows and purples as the magnificent four-strand diamond bracelet caught the lamplight, shattering it into exquisite prisms. Only once in her life had she seen so many perfect stones gathered into one shimmering strand. And that had been a rainy morning in London when she followed a kind-faced English boy around the iron-clad Tower chambers to see the royal crown jewels. A King's ransom, this she realized with renewed terror.

And unmistakable evidence of the strength of Macias' determination to have his own way.

He was still waiting, quietly. Turning a cool smile toward him, she snapped the box shut, pushed it back to him. "Lovely—but it's still mine. And now—please, I think I must go."

That last calm little request was really only a desperate stab into darkness. But to her amazement and infinite relief—Macias actually crossed the long room to the hall, spoke crisply into the house phone. "Have my car brought around at once."

Then, as he helped her into her coat, he laid heavy hands on her shoulders, forced her to face him. "I'm not giving up, Dona. You know that. But I can wait. And I'll wait patiently enough, unless—" the dark eyes blazed suddenly, "unless I catch you giving me the run around for some other guy. I don't go in for any competition, you know."

"Well—" she tried to shrug a laugh at him. "I'm not promising."

"I don't need promises. Young Brashear's out of the picture. From now on—there just won't be any one else. I'll see to that."

An hour later back in the narrow barrenness of her tiny hotel room Devona paced restlessly. Play the game with Jose Macias and be taken care of. The prospect certainly wasn't encouraging. But what could she do?

Back and forth she pursued the question. She could leave now, of course, before it was too late. Leave, but for what? Another job? But Macias held her contract, and while as a legal document it was probably worthless, still Jose Macias would use it to boycott her every effort. She'd seen that work out before. Just his word to the musicians' union and there wouldn't be a single job in Los Angeles open to her. Only last week the nice young boy who'd played the drums in Macias' band had tried to defy him. He hadn't found a job yet.

She knew now why Manuel had only smiled at her, shook his head. "You don't know Macias. Once he makes up his mind about anything, there's no changing it—or beating him out of getting his own way. You watch. That boy will be on relief before the week is over."

And he was—at least a candidate for the bread line. It was the discouragement, the frustration mostly. The boy was licked and he knew it. It wasn't a very happy example.

But if she stayed on—then what? Macias would have, he'd said. First, persistently, he would wear down her resistance, binding her hand and foot until she bent to his will. Until she—Devona Raebourne—accepted the destiny that poor, silly little Frede Camp, and the others before her, had accepted.

Shuddering, she slipped out of her clothes, into the hard narrow bed, and snuggled up under the light. She wouldn't accept that fate, of course, her tired brain assured her doggedly. But it refused to find a way out.

To-morrow, she told herself, she'd think of something. To-morrow

she'd think of a plan, a course of action.

The word books on a sob. To-morrow and to-morrow and to-morrow! What was to become of her? Always the sinister future. Always haunting fears stalking right, beside her—fear that she couldn't pay the rent for this miserable room, fear that again she'd know the torture of being hungry and penniless, fear that in all the world no one would care if she did starve. That was the worst one. The loneliness.

Why was it that she must fight on, thus, alone? And what would become of her, she asked her pillow miserably as she released the tears that choked her, seared her eyes. What could become of her now that her puny strength was challenged by ruthless persistence like Jose Macias'?

She could fight, a stubborn remnant of her old courage, told her calmly. She could use her every wit, her every last shred of intelligence, of skill to outwit this man. She could! She'd have to. No skirmish was won by accepting defeat first.

Sitting bolt upright in the cool darkness, she dried her tears, thumped her tear-wet pillow back into shape. They couldn't get her down. Not Manuel's cynical warnings, not Dale's indifference, not even Macias' bold determination. She wasn't beaten yet. There was a way out of this and—somehow—she'd find it.

She fell asleep finally, exhausted. But her dreams were tormented and she tossed feverishly, waking often. So that morning found her still pale, still hollow-eyed and still groping for a solution to this new problem life had presented.

"And what will to-day add to complicate that problem?" she wondered aloud as daylight crept in at the window, pushing the new day and new decisions toward her ruthlessly, relentlessly.

Woeisly, she pulled herself out of bed. There was no turning back. Ever! It was always just a case of—holding out a little while longer! (To Be Continued)

Incapable Of Feeling

Adolf Hitler Has No Humanity In His Nature

The Argonaut, San Francisco, says: Hor Hitler is not working with human nature, but against human nature. Tyrants are never successful in the end. Their kingdoms and empires fall, like a house of cards. Genghis Khan and Tamerlane overran almost the whole of Asia from the Pacific to the Mediterranean, but their great Tartar empire did not endure very long after their disappearance from earthly view.

The great empire of Alexander the Great dissolved after his early death; the great Napoleon could not consolidate his conquests; and Adolf Hitler will not be able to consolidate his own. The spirit of revolt is smoldering now in every land occupied by his troops, and there is reason for thinking that millions of Germans in the fatherland would throw up their hats for joy, if they learned that their Fuehrer had been sent to the guillotine.

The simple truth about Adolf Hitler is that he is not human: there is not an atom of humanity in his nature. He is incapable of real love or real friendship, and he has no genuine friends; no woman is capable of loving him. He is as cold-blooded as a snake, or any other reptile, and he resembles a reptile in human guise more than a man. The man who wars against the dead reveals his nature clearly.

Too Much For Them

Ontario Board Puts Police Officers In Brantford On Spot

The police of Brantford, Ont., do their best, but they are not equal to the outlay board. One Monday a lad came into the police station to report that on Friday he had lost \$2.

"Well," inquired the perplexed desk sergeant. "Let me have it," said the youth. Again the desk sergeant was puzzled. He conveyed, gently the information that neither he nor the rest of his colleagues of the blue had the missing two bucks.

"But," persisted the inquirer, "I must be here because the outlay board told me it was."

Since the war's start the Royal Canadian Navy has conveyed Atlantic shipping carrying a total of more than 27,000,000 tons.

The varied climate of British Columbia provides for a greater diversity of farming enterprises than in any other province.

There are approximately 15,000 separate parts in a modern automobile.

Every 10¢ Packet of
WILSON'S FLY PADS
WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN SEVERAL DOLLARS WORTH OF ANY OTHER FLY KILLER

10¢ WHY PAY MORE
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Britain's Life Line

Grizzled Old Sea Dogs Are Back In The Navy

The Royal Navy, stretched across the Atlantic to hold together Britain's life-line to America, is getting a hand from its grizzled old sea dogs.

These old-timers have seen Britain through other dark times. They have come out of well-earned retirement stirred by the knowledge of her need in the big Battle of the Atlantic, and perhaps, too, by the chafe of inaction.

Many are doing landlubbers' work at all-important maintenance bases where they put their experience behind industrial crews that keep the navy's ships in tip-top fighting trim. Others are back at sea on patrol duty and know once more the roll of a ship.

The story of their return to active duty is told coldly in navy record books.

The books tell of a 70-year-old chief engineer of a patrol boat. Before he retired he had been with the navy for almost 30 years—from 1892 to 1921.

During the First Great War, he served on a minesweeper. When this war broke out, he pestered the Navy until he was taken back. He went aboard the patrol ship early in February last year. He has been at sea ever since.

In the books, too, is the record of another 66 years old. From 1892 until 1901 he was with the Royal Marines. In the Royal Navy Reserve from 1911 to 1931, he served through the first Great War.

He also is a patrol ship's chief engineer, returned to duty in January last year. Since they have been on duty, neither of the two men has had a day's sick leave.

The books tell of others. The Navy has 27 men who are more than 60. There are nearly 40 between 45 and 55.

Made A Good Deal

Paris Jeweller Got Best Of Bargain With New Yorker

The stepfather of the late Phil Plant once wanted to purchase a rare pearl necklace for his wife's birthday. Cartier, the Paris jeweller, owned such a necklace, but wanted \$120,000 for it. "Let's toss a coin," was the proposal made to Cartier.

"If it turns up heads, then I'll pay you the sum you're asking, in cash. But if it turns up tails, then I'll only give you, in return for that necklace, my town house at 52nd street, and 51th avenue. The coin was tossed and it turned up tails. Cartier received the New York house in which the famous jewellery establishment he founded now operates.

The value of that property has leaped into the millions. The pearl necklace now is valued at less than one-fourth its original valuation.

The Modern Version

This was taken from No. 14 Service Flying Training School's Official Publication:

'Tis the night before pay day and all through my jeans I've hunted in vain for the ways and the means: Not a quarter is stirring, not even a jill. The time is off duty, the greenbacks have quit. Forward, turn forward, O Time, in thy flight, And make it to-morrow, just for to-night.

In swimming season the "water that won't deep" takes the place of the "gun that won't loaded."

Sugar has now replaced bananas as Jamaica's chief export.

★ **Better Smoking!** ★
DAILY MAIL
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Served Same Purpose

Elephants 2,000 Years Ago Did Work Of Modern Tanks

Like most weapons of modern mechanized warfare, the massive tanks that thunder through Europe to-day had a military progenitor over 2,000 years ago: a mammoth machine of mobile armor—the elephant.

It's fair to compare the tank with the war elephant, according to the American Society for Metals' headquarters at Cleveland, Ohio, because they served the same purpose—to force a break through for infantry.

Modern tanks must be protected against ever-improving anti-tank guns by better and better armor, which has called for constant research by metallurgists for tougher steel alloys—chromium, nickel, manganese and the rest. The elephants were armored, too, but with their own tough hides. Additional man-made protection covered their vital regions.

Like the tank, the elephant carried a crew equipped with weapons for attack. The crew rode in an armored "howdah," carried bows, arrows and spears, instead of the machine gun and cannon of our modern tanks. When elephants were used by Carthage in its long war against Rome, the Romans at first turned and ran. Then they discovered that the huge animals had an Achilles' heel, that if the veins in their back legs were slit, they became helpless.

In spite of this one weakness elephants continued to be an important part of the Carthaginian war machine. When Hannibal made his famous march from Spain across the Alps into Italy, he took along a train of elephants. They acted as "trucks," too, on journeys like this, because each elephant could carry a big load of war equipment and material. They were also more effective in the narrow Alpine passes than horse or ox-drawn carts.

Gather up the longer ends of each swag and in graceful folds, stitch down and join ends to form one continuous swag. Now sew a tape along the top of the swag and back to the valance board.

Three tasseled cords complete the picture. Stitch one cord down the swag's centre, the others as if looped from the ends of the valance board.

You can as easily make handsome curtains for every room in your home. Our 32-page booklet gives step-by-step directions for glass curtains, drapery curtains, formal draperies. Shows how to measure, cut, sew, trim and hang. Has directions for valances, swags, cornices.

Send 15¢ in coins for your copy of "New Ideas in Making Curtains and Draperies" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

The following booklets are also available at 15¢ each:

148—"Stitching: The Correct Thing To Do"
193—"Fashion Drawing Made Easy"
WP—"Woodcraft Patterns"
198—"Announcements, Showers and Birthday Parties"
130—"Workday Real-Loved Poems"
121—"How To Improve Your Vocabulary"

The Nazi Way

Rules Of Warfare Worse Than Those Of Dark Ages

One would think that the Russians would not have to try very hard to rise to the level of what the Nazis call "the European rules of war."

The European rules, as the Nazis have interpreted them in practice, do not derive from those established by the late Marquis of Queensberry. The Russians would be following the Nazi code if they dropped behind the German lines disguised as nurse-maids or housewives, with bombs and machine guns under their skirts; if they butchered kindly German hosts who had received them when they were hungry refugees; if they infiltrated the German army and gave false orders to the German troops; if they took pride in their bag of women and children; if they lied, cheated and pretended to be friends in time of peace in order to achieve a more complete betrayal in time of war.—New York Times

Planes For Free French

James Molloy Has Been Piloting Them To Africa

The ministry of aircraft production announced that James Molloy, British trans-Atlantic flier, has piloted 32-passenger Conquest-Owen "flying wing" planes to French Equatorial Africa for use of Free French troops.

The ministry said Molloy volunteered for the 4,000-mile journey in unarmed craft "along an extremely dangerous route always well within range of enemy patrols."

In Corintho, Nicaragua, soap is made in the shape and size of cigars.

West Africa is the largest French colony.

In flight, pelicans flap their wings in unison, taking their time from a leader.

Some species of insects fly only once in their lifetime.

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RICH LOOKING DRAPERIES YOU CAN QUICKLY MAKE

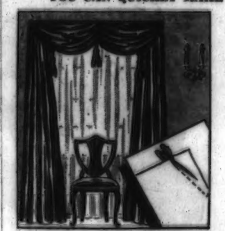


Diagram Shows Cutting Of Swag

What an air these curtains have! Imagine an apricot saffron draped in that stunning swag effect—or a soft moss-green damask.

But, smart as these draperies are, you can easily make them yourself. One piece of material makes a side drapery and half the "swag"; it's just a simple trick of cutting and draping.

Measure two lengths of fabric as for side draperies, but add to each several extra inches—more than half the width of your window. Now cut, slanting one end of each length as the diagram shows. This is your swag end.

Gather up the longer ends of each swag and in graceful folds, stitch down and join ends to form one continuous swag. Now sew a tape along the top of the swag and back to the valance board.

You can as easily make handsome curtains for every room in your home. Our 32-page booklet gives step-by-step directions for glass curtains, drapery curtains, formal draperies. Shows how to measure, cut, sew, trim and hang. Has directions for valances, swags, cornices.

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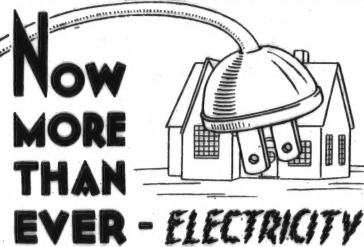


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Gasoline

REMEMBER:
The slower you
drive, the more
you save!

Give yourself and your service station man
a break. Let him check up your car and
put it in shape to save gasoline. It gives
him needed work and helps you keep your
50/50 Pledge. Every gallon counts so
that not a drop is wasted, our Fighting
Forces need all the gasoline they can get.

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bargain in your
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Every Day is Bargain Day in our Used Car Dept.

- 1-1938 DELUXE FORD SEDAN, with heater
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Also a few good Used Radios at Bargain Prices

SATHER'S SUPER SERVICE

Read the Ads in the Times

LOCALS

Miss Irma Tweedie visited friends
in Irma this week.

As Monday, September 1st, is La-
bor Day, all places of business in Irma
will be closed.

Miss Margaret Tate left last week
for Larmont where she will train for
a nurse.

Mrs. Steve Hynka was operated
on for appendicitis at the Wainwright
hospital.

Miss Sylvia Shaw of Edmonton vis-
ited her sisters, Mrs. Greenberg and
Miss Cecile Shaw, at Irma recently.

Mrs. Kenneth Allan and children
of Edmonton, is visiting her sister,
Mrs. Vernon Peterson, and her father,
Mr. W. E. Walker, of Irma.

Mr. L. R. McLeay, former teacher
at Strawberry Plains school has been
transferred to McCafferty south of
Edmonton.

According to an announcement
from the provincial department of
health, schools will not open before
September 15.

Miss Stella Arnold went to Edmon-
ton the first of this week to contin-
ue training for a nurse at the Miseri-
cordia hospital.

Miss Vera Simmermon returned
last Friday from visiting her aunt,
Mrs. Sparrow and family, at Saska-
toon.

Work is progressing on the cottage
school in Irma. This will be a very
fine addition to the school buildings
and no doubt will fill the bill for
extra accommodation for several years.

Mr. I. Sharkey who is working at
Pigeon Lake for the past year, visited
his home here last Sunday. Accom-
panying him was his cousin, P.O.
Reggie Cummings of the R.C.A.F. at
Vancouver, B.C.

Owing to Mr. Foxwell's decision to
remain at Vancouver for a longer
period than at first planned, he has
resigned from the village council. His
resignation was accepted at a special
meeting held on August 25th and
September 2nd was set as the date
for the nomination of a councillor
to fill the vacancy for the unexpired
portion of Mr. Foxwell's term of office.

A change has taken place in the
teaching staff of the Irma high school.
Mr. O. P. Larson had the chance of a
better position at Wetaskiwin and
asked the board of the Wainwright
school division for a release which
was given him when he procured a
suitable substitute. Miss Hilda Mc-
Conkey of Munson, Alta., has been
engaged to fill Mr. Larson's position
here as teacher of science and mathe-
matics. Mr. Larson will teach physics
and chemistry in the Wetaskiwin high
school.

EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED

Thos. G. Dark of the Edmonton Op-
tical Co., will be at Irma Drug Sat-
urday morning, August 30, 9 to 11:30;
at the Viking Drug 12:30 to 3. Eyes
tested, glasses fitted and guaranteed.

WANT ADS

FOR SALE—One 1929 1 1/2 ton Che-
vrolet truck in good shape. Good buy
for cash or trade. F. A. Fuder,
Irma.

FOR SALE—House, garage, and two
lots in Irma. For particulars apply
to O. P. Larson, Irma.

Why spend a lot of valuable time
hunting for your stray animals when
a small want ad in this paper will
locate them for you nine times out
of ten?

Feeding Wheat To Hogs

The production of oats and barley
in Alberta is likely to be only around
100 million bushels this year as com-
pared with 195 million last year.
This is a reduction of around 35 mil-
lion bushels.

Oats and barley constitute the
main feed for hogs. The number of
hogs in Alberta has increased rapidly
and may touch close to two million
this year. Much more feed will be
required as a consequence, and a
considerable volume of wheat is like-
ly to be utilized for the purpose.

For several years the Wheat Pools
of Western Canada have been spon-
soring an experiment in feeding value
of Canadian western grains for bacon
hogs conducted by MacDonald col-
lege, Quebec. The purpose of this
project was to prove to eastern farm-
ers the superiority of western oats
and barley over corn as a bacon hog
feed. Here it might be said that the
results showed that oats and barley
were superior feeds to corn in turn-
ing out the type of bacon hog requir-
ed by the British market.

During the past year MacDonald col-
lege conducted a survey to show
the relative hog feeding value of
Canadian western barley, durum
wheat, feed wheat and No. 1 cleaned
screenings. The conclusions reached
showed that carcasses from feed
wheat and wheat screenings were
more satisfactory than those from
durum wheat, but averaged fewer A
grades than the barley fed group.
Hogs fed feed wheat made faster
gains than those on barley, and the
quality was not much below the bar-
ley fed hogs.

It would thus seem that farmers
can raise hogs on feed wheat and
wheat screenings and turn out first
class bacon.—Wheat Pool Budget.

Lemon juice applied to brown or tan
shoes will remove stains. Rub it well
into the leather, then apply brown
polish and all stains quickly disap-
pear.

Woolen blanket should never be put
through the wringing machine. Hang
them on the line dripping wet. When
dry, beat until they are soft and
fluffy.

What's New for Fall?

That's the question of the mo-
ment, and where could a more
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BATTLE RIVER M. D. No. 423 NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

Whereas under the provisions of Section 26 of the Tax Recovery Act,
1936, the following parcels of land may be leased from the Municipal District
of Battle River, No. 423, for a term of one or three years as the case may be.
Applications will be considered at every regular meeting of the coun-
cil at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon until disposed of.

N 1/4 SW	3	45	7	4	NE	2	44	9	4
NW	5	45	7	4	NW	2	44	9	4
SE	5	45	7	4	SE	2	44	9	4
SW	5	45	7	4	NW	4	44	9	4
SE	6	45	7	4	SW	28	45	9	4
SW	12	45	7	4	NE	28	45	8	4
(1 acre)					SE	28	45	8	4
SW	25	45	7	4	SW	28	45	8	4
NE	27	45	7	4	NW	28	45	8	4

Redemption may be effectuated by payment of all arrears of taxes and
costs at any time prior to lease.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.

Bids will be received by the council of the Municipal District of Battle
River No. 423 in a public sale manner for the purchase of the following lands:

NE	27	45	7	4	NW	12	44	7	4
NE	2	44	9	4	S 1/4 SW	12	44	7	4
NW	2	44	9	4	ALL	13	45	7	4
SE	2	44	9	4	NE	34	45	8	4
NE	28	45	8	4	NW	34	45	8	4
SE	28	45	8	4	SE	34	45	8	4
SW	28	45	8	4	SW	34	45	8	4
N 1/4 NW	28	45	8	4	SE	9	44	9	4
S 1/4 NW	28	45	8	4	SE	6	44	7	4
SE	5	44	9	4	N 1/4	16	45	7	4
NW	6	44	9	4	NW	22	45	7	4
NW	7	44	9	4	SW	25	45	7	4

At any regular meeting of the council at the hour of 2 o'clock in the
afternoon until disposed of.

CHAS. WILBRAHAM, Sec.-Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Take notice, person or persons using
road allowance between sections 28
and 24-45-9 do so entirely at their
own risk.

By order of the council.
Chas. Wilbraham,
Secretary-Treasurer.
M.D. Battle River, 423

PUBLIC NOTICE

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF
BATTLE RIVER, No. 423
Important Public Notice
The Prairie Farm Assistance, Dept.
of Agriculture advises that the 1941
Cultivated acreage report forms have
been mailed to farmers of the Muni-
cipal District.

The Council urge you to complete
these as soon as possible and mail
same in the envelope supplied any
information regarding the comple-
tion of these will be gladly and freely
extended, if you don't receive a form
in the course of a few days you may
receive same at the Municipal Office.
Chas. Wilbraham,
Secretary-Treasurer.

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